

	EYFS	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	KS3
Phonics and Decoding	To show an awareness of rhyme and alliteration. To link sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. To use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately.	To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. To blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that they have been taught. To give the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes. To read words containing taught GPCs. To read words containing -s, -es, - ing, -ed and -est endings. To read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.	To continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent. To read accurately by blending sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. To accurately read most words of two or more syllables. To read most words containing common suffixes.*	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words). To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-,im-,il-,ir-,dis-, mis-, , un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti-and auto to begin to read aloud.* To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings,including - ation, -ly, -ous, - ture, -sure, -sion, - tion, -ssion and - cian, to begin to read aloud.*	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill. To apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings to read aloud fluently.*	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including - sion, -tion, -cial, -tial, -ant/-ance/- ancy, - ent/- ence/-ency, - able/-ably and - ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently.*	To read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings* and to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.	To read with fluency across a wide range of increasingly challenging texts across a range of subjects and for a range of purposes.
Common Exception Words	To read some common irregular words	To read Y1 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words	To read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words* noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word	To begin to read Y3 / 4 exception words*	To read all Y3 / 4 exception words [*] , discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and where these occur in the word	To read most Y5 / 6 exception words*, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and where these occur in the word	To read all Y5 / 6 exception words*, discussing the unusual correspondence between spelling and where these occur in the word	To apply knowledge of all common exception words when reading across a wide range of increasingly challenging texts across a range of subjects and for a range of purposes



	To recognise	To accurately read	To read aloud books				ce over teaching word r	eading and fluency
	familiar words and signs such	texts that are consistent with their	(closely matched to their improving	specifically. Any focus	on word reading should	support the developme	nt of vocabulary.	
Fluency	and signs such as own name and advertising logos. To ascribe meanings to marks that they see in different places. To begin to read words and simple sentences. To read and understand simple sentences.	developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words. To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	phonic knowledge) sounding out unfamiliar words accurately and automatically. To reread these books to build up fluency and	To read with appropriate phrasing, expression, pace and smoothness when accessing increasingly challenging age related reading books.	To read with appropriate phrasing, expression, pace and smoothness when accessing increasingly challenging age related reading books.	To read with appropriate phrasing, expression, pace and smoothness when accessing increasingly challenging age related reading books.	To read with appropriate phrasing, expression, pace and smoothness when accessing increasingly challenging age related reading books.	To read increasingly challenging texts fluently checking their understanding to make sure that what they have read makes sense
Understanding and Correcting Inaccuracies	To know that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom. To understand humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes.	To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self-correct.	minute, in age appropriate texts. To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher. To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.	To read increasingly challenging texts fluently checking their understanding to make sure that what they have read makes sense.



	To listen to	To listen to and	To participate in	To recognise, listen	To discuss and	To read a wide range	To read for pleasure,	To develop an
	stories with	discuss a wide range	discussion about	to and discuss a	compare texts from	of genres, identifying	discussing,	appreciation and
	increasing	of fiction, non-fiction	books, poems and	wide range of fiction,	a wide variety of	the characteristics of	comparing and	love of reading
	attention and	and poetry at a level	other works that are	poetry, plays, non-	genres and writers.	text types (such as	evaluating in depth	and read
	recall,	beyond that at	read to them (at a	fiction and reference		the use of the first	across a wide range	increasingly
	anticipating key	which they can read	level beyond which	books or textbooks.	To read for a range	person in writing	of genres, including	challenging
	events and	independently.	they can read		of purposes.	diaries and	myths, legends,	material
	phrases in		independently) and	To use appropriate		autobiographies) and	traditional stories,	independently.
	rhymes and	To link what they	those that they can	terminology when	To identify themes	differences between	modern fiction,	
	stories.	have read or have	read for themselves,	discussing texts	and conventions in a	text types.	fiction from our	To read critically
		read to them to their	explaining their	(plot, character,	wide range of books.		literary heritage and	through making
	To describe	own experiences.	understanding and	setting).	-	To participate in	books from other	critical
	main story		expressing their		To refer to authorial	discussions about	cultures.	comparisons
ള	settings, events	To retell familiar	views.		style, overall themes	books that are		across texts.
ţŗ	and principal	stories in increasing			(e.g. triumph of good	read to them and	To recognise more	
Jer	characters.	detail.	To become		over evil) and	those they can	complex themes in	
Ē			increasingly familiar		features (e.g.	read for	what they read (loss	
Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting	To enjoy an	To join in with	with, and to retell, a		greeting in letters, a	themselves,	or heroism).	
) pi	increasing range	discussions about a	wide range of		diary written in the	building on their		
a I	of books and	text, taking turns	stories, fairy stories		first person or the	own, and others'	To explain and	
ü,	follow a story	and listening to what	and traditional tales.		use of presentational	ideas, and	discuss their	
ast	without pictures	others say.			devices such as	challenging views.	understanding of	
ntr	or props.		To discuss the		numbering and		what they have read.	
ß		To discuss the	sequence of events		headings).	To identify main		
δŐ	To listen to	significance of titles	in books and how			ideas drawn from	To draw out key	
Ŀ	stories	and events.	items of information		To identify how	more than one	information and to	
edu	accurately		are related.		language, structure	paragraph and to	summarise the main	
οŭ	anticipating key				and presentation	summarise these.	ideas in a text.	
0	events and		To recognise simple		contribute to			
	respond to what		recurring literary		meaning.	To recommend texts	To distinguish	
	they hear with		language in stories			to peers based on	independently	
	relevant		and poetry.		To identify main	personal choice.	between statements	
	comments				ideas drawn from		of fact and opinion.	
	questions or		To make links		more than one			
	actions.		between the text		paragraph and		To compare	
			they are reading and		summarise these.		characters, settings	
	To demonstrate		other texts they				and themes within a	
	understanding		have read(in texts				text and across more	
	when talking		that they can read				than one text.	
	with others		independently).					
	about what they							
	have read.							



	To build up	To discuss word	To discuss and	To check that the	To discuss	To discuss	To analyse and	To understand
	vocabulary that	meaning and link	clarify the meanings	text makes sense to	vocabulary used to	vocabulary used by	evaluate the use of	increasingly
	reflects the breadth of their	new meanings to those already	of words, linking new meanings to	them, discussing their understanding	capture readers' interest and	the author to create effect including	language, including figurative language	challenging books through:
a	experiences.	known.	known vocabulary.	and explaining the	imagination	figurative language.	and how it is used	through:
oic	experiences.	KIIOWII.	KIIOWII VOCADUIALY.	meaning of words in	Inagination	ligulative language.	for effect, using	- learning new
ъ	To use		To discuss their	context.		To evaluate the use	technical	vocabulary,
ial	vocabulary and		favourite words and			of authors' language	terminology such as	relating it
Por	forms of speech		phrases.	To discuss authors'		and explain how it	metaphor, simile,	explicitly to
lut	that are			choice of words and		has created an	analogy, imagery,	known vocabulary
/ pi	increasingly			phrases for effect.		impact on the	style and effect.	and understanding
tar	influenced by					reader.		it with the help of
, Kex	their experiences of							context and dictionaries
out	books.							ulctionalles
Words in Context and Authorial Choice								- knowing the
ds i								purpose, audience
/or								for and context of
5								the writing and
								drawing on this knowledge to
								support
								comprehension
	To suggest how	To begin to make	To make inferences	To ask and answer	To draw inferences	To draw inferences	To consider different	To understand
	a story might	simple inferences.	on the basis of what	questions	from characters'	from characters'	accounts of the	increasingly
	end.	To such distants	is being said and	appropriately,	feelings, thoughts	feelings, thoughts	same event and to	challenging texts
_	To begin to	To predict what might happen on the	done.	including some simple inference	and motives that justifies their actions,	and motives.	discuss viewpoints (both of authors and	through making inferences that are
tior	understand	basis of what has	To predict what	questions based on	supporting their	To make predictions	of fictional	strongly based on
dic	'why' and 'how'	been read so far.	might happen on the	characters' feelings,	views with evidence	based on details	characters).	and make
Pre	questions		basis of what has	thoughts and	from the text.	stated and implied,		reference to
pu			been read so far in a	motives.		justifying them in	To discuss how	evidence in the
еа	To answer 'how'		text.	To instify and disting the	To justify predictions	detail with evidence	characters change	text.
suc	and 'why' questions about			To justify predictions using evidence from	from details stated and implied.	from the text.	and develop through texts by drawing	
Inference and Prediction	their			the text.			inferences based on	
<u>n</u>	experiences and						indirect clues.	
	in response to							
	stories or							
	events.							



/ and Performance	To listen to and join in with stories and poems, one to- one and also in small groups. To join in with repeated refrains in rhymes and stories. To play cooperatively as	To recite simple poems by heart.	To continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	To prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading aloud. To begin to use appropriate intonation and volume when reading aloud.	To recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse or narrative poetry). To prepare and perform poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation, tone, volume and action) to show awareness	To continually show an awareness of audience when reading out loud using intonation, tone, volume and action.	To confidently perform texts (including poems learnt by heart) using a wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect.	To read critically through recognising a range of poetic conventions and understanding how these have been used.
Poetry and								
Ро	act out a narrative.							
	To express themselves							
	effectively, showing awareness of							
	listeners' needs.							



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	To know that	To recognise that	To retrieve and	To use all of the	To use knowledge of	To retrieve, record	To retrieve, record
	information can	non- fiction books	record information	organisational	texts and	and present	and present
	be relayed in the	are often structured	from non- fiction	devices available	organisation devices	information from	information from a
	form of print.	in different ways.	texts.	within a non- fiction	to retrieve, record	non-fiction texts.	range of
				text to retrieve,	and discuss		nonfiction
	To know that			record and discuss	information from	To use non-fiction	materials across
	information can			information.	fiction and	materials for	the wider
	be retrieved				nonfiction texts.	purposeful	curriculum to
	from books and			To use dictionaries		information retrieval	support learning in
Ę	computers.			to check the		(e.g. in reading	other areas.
;;i				meaning of words		history, geography	
ij				that they have read.		and science	
Non-Fiction						textbooks) and in	
ž						contexts where	
						pupils are genuinely	
						motivated to find	
						out information (e.g.	
						reading information	
						leaflets before a	
						gallery or museum	
						visit or reading a	
						theatre programme	
						or review).	